## Effect of Magnesium and Progesterone on Bone Mineral Density (BMD) without any Calcium supplements

Rebuilding Bone Mineral Density (BMD) is a slow process after menopause especially after taking Calcium supplements for a long period. As we are now well aware, that Calcium supplements taken on a long term basis depletes Magnesium stores from the body. Magnesium is an important constituent in bone remodeling which gives flexibility to the bones and helps prevent fractures. Progesterone Hormone is also an important constituent in bone building, hence lack of this hormone in post menopausal women leads to higher incidence of Osteopenia and Osteoporosis. Prolonged Calcium supplements usage in the absence of progesterone hormone led to Osteopenia and Osteoporosis in this case.

Correcting this situation takes time but with adequate intracellular nutrition especially Organic Magnesium and Natural Progesterone, Osteopenia and Osteoporosis can be arrested and reversed.

In this case, after 9 months of treatment with Organic Magnesium (Org. Magnesium Forte and Magna Pak II) and Natural Progesterone (Progest XL / Women's XL Gel) along with other necessary nutritional supplements, we can already see a significant improvement in BMD at the level of Femur (Hip Joint). In the table given below we have shown the comparison of BMD studies done in end November 2008 and end November 2009.

	November 2008	November 2009	Increase				
Femur							
BMD	$0.508 \mathrm{gms/cm}^2$	$0.54 \mathrm{gms/cm}^2$	$0.032 \text{gms/cm}^2 = 6\%$				
T Score	- 3.1	- 2.8	0.3 = <b>10 %</b>				
Vertebral Column							
BMD	$0.959 \text{gms/cms}^2$	$0.966 \text{gms/cms}^2$	0.007 = <b>1%</b>				
T Score	- 2	- 2					

Comparison of the results shows that there is a 6% improvement in BMD / 10% improvement in T Score at the Femur and 1% improvement in BMD at the Vertebral column which is significant within this short span of 9 months (March to November 2009). This is in addition to the regular loss of Calcium (about 2.0%) each year from the bones in the absence of any Hormonal support. This meets the statistical expectation of BMD increase with the use of Bioidentical Progesterone as per the Graph given below which shows a 15% increase in Bone Mineral Density over a 3 year period.

Putting sincere efforts in following the prescription given, will help achieve the desired effects in time as the patient's body seems to be responding well to the treatment for reversal of Osteopenia and Osteoporosis.

#### **Summary:**

In the absence of any treatment, the loss of BMD would have been about 2% during this period. The overall BMD benefit of treatment has been therefore 2.0% + 6.0% = 8.0%. In addition, the use of Magnesium has resulted in Bone Flexibility which has further reduce the risk of future Fractures considerably. An increase in BMD corresponds to reduction in Hip Fracture Risk. *The addition of Bone Flexibility, will reduce Bone Fracture Risks still further.* 

### Case Study - Increasing Bone Mineral Density / Flexibility Effect of Magnesium and Bioidentical Progesterone on Bone Mineral Density (BMD) without any Calcium Supplements

Patient: Female, Age: 48, Height: 5ft 1 in., Weight: 107.2 lbs / 48.7 Kg									
Fat = 21.8% (-), BP = 87 / 59, Pulse = 70, Diet: Vegetarian (Ref: JG)									
	*11/27/2008	**11/24/2009	Improvement						
Femur									
BMD	0.508gms/cm <sup>2</sup>	0.54gms/cm <sup>2</sup>	$0.032 \mathrm{gms/cm}^2 =$						
			6%						
<b>T-Score</b>	- 3.1	- 2.8	<b>0.3 = 10 %</b>						
Vertebral Column									
BMD	0.959gms/cms <sup>2</sup>	0.966gms/cms <sup>2</sup>	<b>0.007 = 1%</b>						
<b>T-Score</b>	- 2	- 2							
Organic									
Magnesium (Forte)		8 bottles of 100							
180mg/100 capsules		caps each							
Magna-Pak II - 50		7 boxes of 50							
single sachets		sachets each							
Progest XL Gel		3 bottles							
(50mg/g) - 15 Gms									
Women's XL Gel –		1 bottle							
50/2.5/2.0 mg/g									
Triest - LD Gel		1 bottles							
(0.6mg/g) - 15 Gms									
Organic Zinc		2 bottles of 60 caps							
(Forte) 100 mg		each							
60 capsules									
* These readings are prior to starting the Whole Body Detoxification and Rejuvenation									
Program along with Intracellular Nutritional supplements. The Program started from									
02/22/2009									
** These are the readings recorded after 9 months (March to November) of treatment									
with Organic Magnesium with other supporting essential nutritional supplements and ,									

Progest XL Gel (Bioidentical Progesterone).

#### World Health Organization (WHO) criteria for Osteoporosis:

Normal: T-Score at or above -1 SD

Osteopenia: T-Score between -1 and -2.5 SD

Osteoporosis: T-Score at or below -2.5 SD

# Table 01 – Reducing Risk of Fractureby increasing Bone Mineral Densityand Bone Flexibility

through insertion of Magnesium into Bone Lattice Structure and use of Bioidentical Progesterone to promote Bone Building

#### Case Study - Reversal of Osteoporosis Jan 08, 2011 Increasing Bone Mineral Density / Flexibility Effect of Magnesium and Bioidentical Progesterone on Bone Mineral Density (BMD) without any Calcium Supplements

Patient: Female, Age: 49, Height: 5ft 1 in., Weight: 118.6 lbs / 53.9 Kg. Fat = 29.8% (0), BP = 100 / 70, Pulse = 71, Diet: Vegetarian (Ref: JG)

	*November	November	Increase	**January	Increase			
	2008	2009	9 months	2011	13 months			
Femur (Hip Joint)								
BMD	0.508	0.54	0.032 = <b>6%</b>	0.705	0.165 = <b>30%</b>			
(grams/cm <sup>2</sup> )								
T-Score	- 3.1	- 2.8	0.3 = <b>10 %</b>	-1.75	1.05 = <b>38 %</b>			
Vertebral Colum	<b>nn (L1 – L4) /</b>	<b>Spinal Colu</b>	mn					
BMD (L1 - L4)	0.941	0.951	0.010 = <b>1%</b>	0.937	-0.014 = <b>-1.5%</b>			
(grams/cm <sup>2</sup> )								
T-Score	- 2	- 1.9	0.10 = <b>5%</b>	-1.5	0.5 = <b>20 %</b>			
Forearm								
BMD	?	?	NA	0.599				
(grams/cm <sup>2</sup> )								
T-Score	?	?	NA	- 2.88				
* T-Score Femur in	Nov 2008 is inc	licative of sever	re Osteoporosis	5.				
Increase in Femur BMD over a 9 month period of treatment beginning March 2009 is 6%								
** T-Score Femur in Jan 2011 is indicative of reversal of Osteoporosis to Osteopenia.								
Increase in Femur BMD over the next 13 month period of treatment is 30%.								
Total increase in Femur BMD over a 22 month period beginning March 2009 is 39%.								
There is a 20% improvement in T-Score in the Vertebral Column over a 13 month period.								
The Forearm continues to show Osteoporosis with a T-Score of -2.88.								
It is anticipated that there will be more improvements in T-Scores in the coming 12 month period.								
and Vortabral Column increase further to move from Octoonania to Normal. T. Soore above 1.0								
and vertebrar Column increase further to move from Osteopenia to Normal – 1-Score above -1.0.								
triggered due to tubal ligation done years earlier. The end result was serious osteoporosis was								
detected at an early age of about 45 years								
World Health Organization (WHO) criteria for Osteonorosis								
Normal: T-Score at or above -1 SD								
Osteopenia: T-Score between -1 and -2.5 SD								
Osteoporosis: T-Score at or below -2.5 SD								
(updated as of Jan 08, 2011)								

Table 02 – Reducing Risk of Fracture<br/>by increasing Bone Mineral Density<br/>and Bone Flexibility<br/>through insertion of Magnesium into Bone Lattice Structure<br/>and use of Bioidentical Progesterone to promote Bone Building



Typical 3 years Bone Mineral Density (BMD) changes using:

- a) Bio-identical Progesterone + Orthomolecular Magnesium (PM);
- b) Bio-identical Progesterone (P);
- c) Estrogen only (E); and
- d) Control (C) (i.e., without Bio-identical Hormone and / or Calcium Therapy)